LP IDSE - GL

## Introduction to Software Testing

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# Verification **X** Validation



### Verification $\rightarrow$ Answer to technical specifications Are we building the good product ?

### Validation $\rightarrow$ Answer to functional specifications Are we building the product correctly ?

"Testing is the process of executing a program with the intent of finding errors"

Glen Myers

"If test results are also green, what's the purpose of tests ?"

Marc Rougé (AXONIC CEO)



## Are you ok to walk up in a plane if the airman says to you "That's the first time this plane will take off" ?



# 1h of coding



# 1h of testing



## Trial

## Debugging



## Test vs Trial vs Debugging

Test → Reproducible (mitigation costs)

Trial → Manual

 $Debugging \rightarrow Investigation$ 



| How the Customer explained it     | How the Project<br>Leader understood it | How the Analysts designed it | How the Programmer wrote it      | How the Sales Rep<br>described it  |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|                                   |   |                              |                                  |                                    |
| How the product was<br>documented | How the product was<br>tested           | How the customer was billed  | How the product was<br>supported | What the customer<br>really needed |

### Software Testing and Agility

## Acceptance Criteria

Set of conditions for user story validation

Example :

User Story : As an Administrator, I want to be able to create User Accounts so that I can grant users access to the system

#### Acceptance critera :

- If I am an Administrator, I can create User Accounts.
- I can create a User Account by entering the following information about the User: a) Name, b) Email address. The system notifies me that it sent an email to the new User's email address, containing a system-generated initial password and instructions for the person to log in and change their password.
- I am able to verify with the intended recipient of the email that it was received.

## Acceptance Test

One (or more) scenario(s) for one condition of the acceptance criteria

Examples :

- Create a user with a name and email
- Try to create a user just with email  $\rightarrow$  failure testing
- Check the list the people who received the confirmation email

## Tests pyramid









#### Software Testing by example

## Example with JUnit

```
public class Point {
   public Point(double x, double y) {
public class Shape {
    private String id;
    private List<Point> points;
    public Shape(String id) { this.id = id; }
    public String getId() { return id; }
    public void setId(String id) { this.id = id; }
    public List<Point> getPoints() { return points; }
    public void setPoints(List<Point> points) { this.points = points; }
    public void addPoint(Point point) { throw new UnsupportedOperationException("Not Yet Implemented"); }
```

## **Test examples**

private static final double delta=0.0;

#### @Test

```
public void testDefaultConstructor(){
    Point point=new Point();
    assertEquals(point.getX(),0, delta);
    assertEquals(point.getY(),0, delta);
```

```
@Test
public void testSetters(){
    Point point=new Point();
```

```
point.setX(2);
point.setY(3);
```

```
assertEquals(point.getX(),2, delta);
assertEquals(point.getY(),3, delta);
```

#### @Test

```
public void testConstructor(){
    Point point=new Point(2,3);
    assertEquals(point.getX(),2, delta);
    assertEquals(point.getY(),3, delta);
```

## More complex test examples

```
private Point point;
private Shape shape;
@Before
public void setup(){
    point=new Point(200,300);
    shape=new Shape();
@Test
public void testRotate360(){
    Point origin=new Point(0,0);
    Point startPoint=point;
    point.rotate(origin.360);
    assertEquals(point.getX(),startPoint.getX(), delta);
    assertEquals(point.getY(),startPoint.getY(), delta);
@Test(expected = UnsupportedOperationException.class)
public void testAddPointToShape(){
        shape.addPoint(point);
        fail();
    catch (UnsupportedOperationException e){
        throw e:
```

## JUnit Tag words

@AfterClass / @BeforeClass

#### @After / @Before

@Test

#### assert\*

fail()

#### expected

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## Mock testing

Purpose :

Simulate the behaviour of real objects

Allows to deal with :

Testing at interface level

Blacked-box component

## JUnit + Mockito example

```
public class ShapeServiceMockedTest extends JerseyTest{
   private static Shape shape;
       shape = new Shape("star");
       shape.addPoint(new Point(3.0, 6.0));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(4.0, 4.0));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(6.0, 4.0));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(4.5, 2.5));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(5.75, 0.0));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(3.0, 1.25));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(0.25, 0.0));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(1.5, 2.5));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(0.0, 4.0));
       shape.addPoint(new Point(2.0, 4.0));
   private ShapesService service;
   @Override
   public ResourceConfig configure() {
       MockitoAnnotations.initMocks(this);
       List<Shape> shapes=new ArrayList<Shape>();
       shapes.add(shape);
       service=mock(ShapesService.class);
       when(service.getAllShapes()).thenReturn(Response.ok(shapes).build());
       return new ResourceConfig().register(service);
   @Test
   public void testShapeList() {
       List<Shape> shapeList = (List<Shape>) service.getAllShapes().getEntity();
       assertTrue(shapeList.size()==1);
```



#### Let's start this into an IDE !

